

ACRIN Digital Mammographic Imaging Screening Trial Informatics Infrastructure



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Abstract

- Digital Mammographic Imaging Screening Trial (DMIST)
 - Study enrollment goal: 49,500 Women
 - Study duration: 18 Months
 - Study aim: Compare digital to film screen
 - Study participants: Four manufacturers and 30 institutions





Overview

- ACRIN American College of Radiology Imaging Network (www.acrin.org)
 - New cooperative group sponsored by ACR
 - Funded by the National Cancer Institute (NCI)
 - Focused upon conducting cancer research utilizing innovations in diagnostic imaging
 - Currently with 6 clinical trials open and 9 in various stages of development





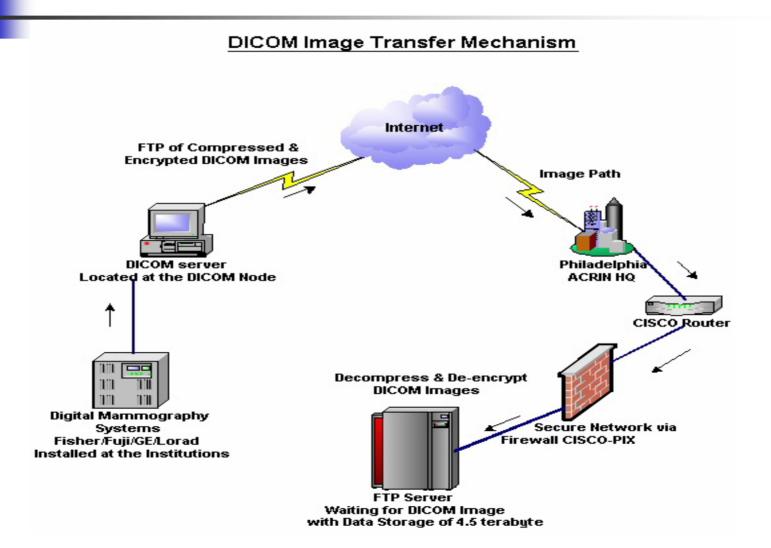
Overview cont.

DMIST

- Specific aim Compare digital technology with standard screen film technique
- Utilize 4 manufacturers GE, Fuji, Fischer and Lorad
- Enroll 49,500 patients over 18 month period
- Collect digital images electronically via the Web
- Collect films via courier/Digitize at ACR
- Collect clinical data electronically via the Web
- Develop and implement complete Quality Assurance for all imaging



Informatics Infrastructure







- Central Server Systems Hardware and Software
 - Fibre channnel Gbit Networked multi-processor Win2000 Servers
 - MS 2000 SQL Server Imaging and clinical databases
 - CISCO PIX secure firewall
 - FTP Web image collection
 - Silver Stream Web clinical data collection
 - DS3 Web connection
 - Total Storage: 6 Terrabyte online SAN (Storage Area Network)
 - DVD offline storage/permanent archive





- Central Server Systems Functions
 - Clinical Data System
 - MS SQL2000 Clinical Database Architecture
 - Patient registration
 - Data form calendar generation
 - Clinical data storage
 - Statistical analysis interface
 - Silver Stream Web Interface
 - Online database interaction
 - Dynamic data form generation





- Diagnostic Imaging System
 - Central System
 - MS SQL 2000 patient database
 - DICOM server
 - Clinical database interface
 - Image transmission receiver





- Remote Client Systems Architecture and Functions
 - Remote Clinical Data Collection Systems
 - Pre-configured notebook computers
 - Java applet/XML data format
 - Online patient registration and data entry
 - Remote Image Acquisition Systems
 - MS Access patient database
 - DICOM server
 - Image collection w/ DVD backup
 - DICOM image re-identification
 - Image transmission





Summary

- Obstacles and challenges
 - Institutional variables
 - Web data interchange
- Results
 - Near paperless clinical trial management
 - Successful Web-based image collection